YCCCART 2016 / Y1 North Somerset HER 2016/021

Gradiometry Survey at Congresbury (Congresbury cricket pitch)

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General Editor: Vince Russett



A poor day for batting on the cricket pitch

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Abstract

YCCCART was asked by Congresbury Cricket Club to identify service pipes running across the cricket pitch. Several service pipes were identified together with two high level responses which could indicate potential archaeology.

Acknowledgements

A Heritage Lottery Grant enabled the purchase, by YCCCART, of a Bartington 601 gradiometer without which this survey could not have been undertaken.

This survey would also not have been carried out without the willing permission of Congresbury Cricket Club.

The authors are grateful for the hard work by the members of YCCCART in performing the survey and Vince Russett for editing the report.

Site Location

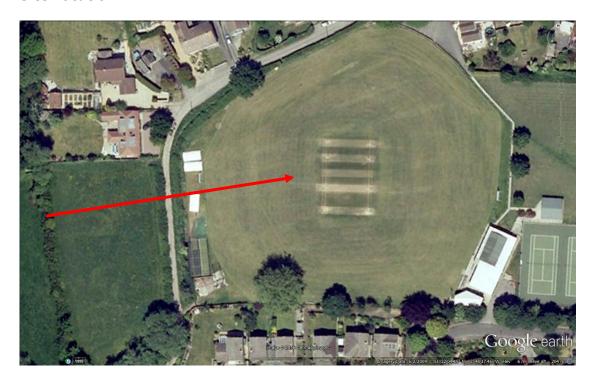


Fig 1: Site location indicated by the red arrow.

The cricket pitch is in the south of the village of Congresbury.

Land use and geology

The field is used to play cricket and can be viewed from the public footpath running beside the cricket pavilion.

Geology is the Murcia Mudstone group – Mudstone and Halite stone

Historical & archaeological context

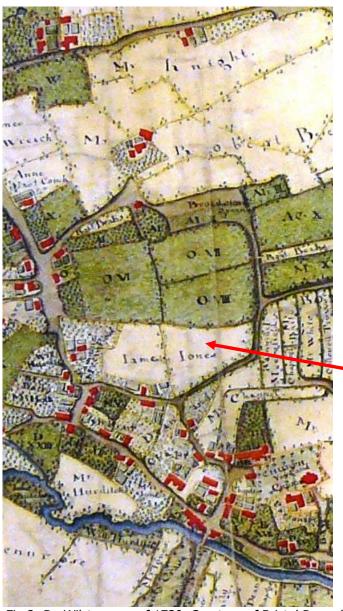


Fig 2: De Wilstar map of 1739. Courtesy of Bristol Record Office. Reference 33041/BMC/4/PL1/2

The area surveyed, indicated by the red arrow, belonged at this time to James Jones. Please note the map is upside down with south at the top.

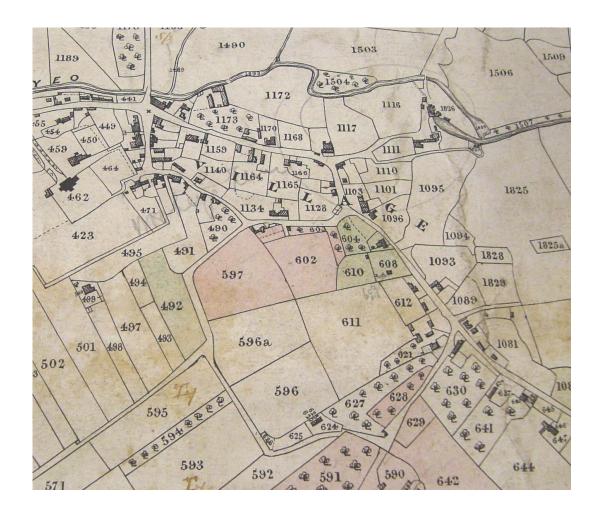


Fig 2: 1839 Map. Courtesy of Bristol Record Office BRO 37959/9. The surveyed field is number 597 on the map.

The Tithe apportionment record, relating to the 1839 map above, shows the following:

Number	Owner	Occupier	Description
597	Robert Beakes	Ann Burdge	Pasture called
	Simmons Esq	_	Harts
602	Robert Beakes Simmons Esq	George Burdge	Pasture called Paul's Causeway Ground Harts
603	Robert Beakes Simmons Esq	Ann Burdge	Orchard

Survey objectives

The survey was undertaken in order to identify service pipes and any archaeological features.

Methodology

The survey of field was undertaken in January 2016 by a teams from YCCCART, using a Bartington 601 gradiometer, with settings as per the site record in the Appendix.

The completed survey was downloaded to a TerraSurveyor program.

TerraSurveyor composites were adjusted using the following filters:

Standard settings

- 1) Colour Red Blue Green 2
- 2) Band weight equaliser
- 3) Grad shade
- 4) Despiked
- 5) Destriped
- 6) Clip SD2

The report was written in Microsoft Word 2016.

Photographs were taken by members of YCCCART, and remain the copyright of YCCCART.

Results

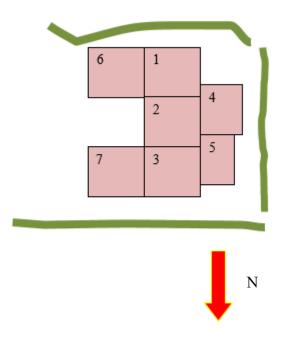


Fig 3: Grid lay out

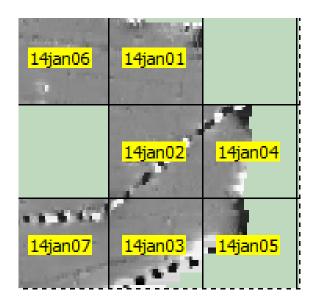


Fig 4: TerraSurveyor grids.

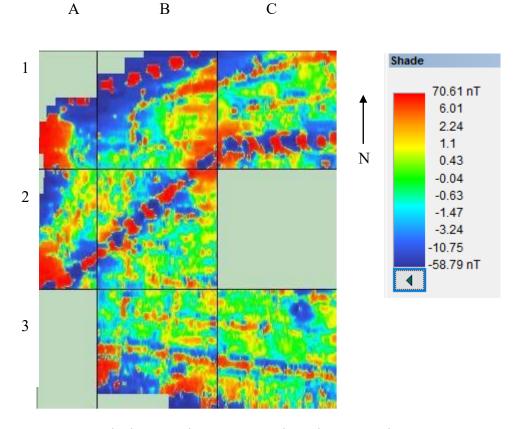


Fig 5: TerraSurveyor shade view colour image. High readings are red.

The results shown in Fig 5 above show:

Probable non-archaeology

- The trail of red dots blobs along the northern edge (top of grids 1A & 1B) clearly a large service trench.
- A second big pipeline runs in from top right, bends at the corner of the cricket square, and exits left (grids 1C, 2B & 2A)
- Several red/yellow responses (e.g. in bottom right grid 2B), fanning out from west to east, are continued in several cases by fine features visible on the Google Earth photo (Fig 1) These are clearly the 'drainage' features for the playing field, in this case using pre-existing grypes.
- A service (drain) line across the centre of grids 3B & 3C.

and

Potential archaeological features

• The first is a fairly high strong response (red and yellow) that enters at top right (1C), runs parallel to Dolemoor Lane, then turns through a smooth curve almost

- opposite 34, Dolemoor Lane (Grid 1B), and heads for the tree on the southern boundary at ST43666346 (3B)
- There is another higher response in the lower left grid (3B), joining three of the grypes, and perhaps having a common origin.

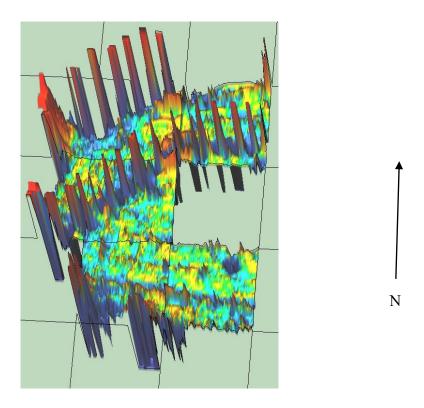


Fig 6: TerraSurveyor axonometric colour image. High readings are red.

The service lines are clearly shown by the large blue and red spikes in the 3d image at Fig 6 above.

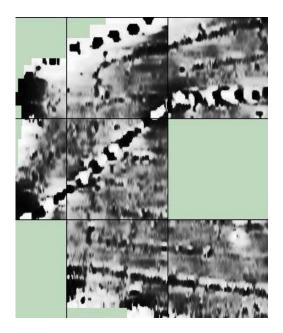


Fig 7: TerraSurveyor shade view black & white image (right). High readings are black.

The black and white image at Fig 7 above again clearly shows the anomalies recorded earlier.

Recommendations

No further action.

References

1739 De Wilstar Map BRO 33041/BMC/4/PL1/2 (Bristol Record Office)

Congresbury Tithe Map BRO 37959/9 (Bristol Record Office)

Author: Chris Short

Date: February 2016

Appendix

Site Record

YCCCART Site Survey					
Project – Congresbury C	Cricket ground	d			
Survey date		14 Jan 2016			
Report date		14 Jan 2016			
Type /Instrument		Grad 601			
		Pace:1.5m/s Lines/m:1 Range:100nT Volume: High Sensors:2	Grid size: 30m x30m Pattern: Zig Zag Samples/m:2 (grid 1 only on 26/3/15 as reference) Samples/m:4 (other grids) Audio: On Threshold:30nT Reject:50 Hz		
Location	Location		ound		
Ref		none			
Site name		Congresbury Cricket ground			
Landowner					
Tenant	Tenant				
HER ref					
Site type		Open land			
Description		Grass cricket outfield			
Period					
Geology					
Land use		Cricket			
Survey team and conditi	ions				
14/1/2016	Team				
	Weather	Cool bright.			

Survey area		notes		readings		
		size	walk direction	max	min	mean
Date	Grid number					
14/1/2016		Setting out base line and grids for whole field				
	1	30 x 30	West	+97.4	-100	+1.3
		M & R				
		Tree at 7 m				
	2	30 x 30	West	+100	-100	+2.5
	3	30 x 30	West	+100	-100	-9.9
		M & R				
	4	30 x 30	West	+100	-100	+1.5
		M & R				
	5	30 x 30	West	+100	-100	+3.2
		M & R				
	6	30 x 30	West	+100	-65.6	+3.5
	7	30 x 30	West	+99.5	-100	+1.8

Grids 1 -7 14/1/16 All grids surveyed West

